

**In the Claims:**

Claim 1 (original): A radio frequency identification device comprising:  
a housing;  
circuitry in the housing configured to provide a signal to identify the device  
in response to an interrogation signal; and  
a push-on and push-off switch supported by the housing and configured to  
control whether the circuitry provides the signal to identify the device.

Claim 2 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance  
with claim 1, wherein:

the circuitry includes a backscatter transmitter configured to provide a  
backscatter signal to identify the device in response to an interrogation signal;

the push-on and push-off switch is configured to control whether the  
circuitry provides the signal to identify the device by controlling whether the  
receiver is on or off, and further comprising:

receiver circuitry in the housing, coupled to the transmitter circuitry, and  
configured to receive the backscatter signal.

Claim 3 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 1 wherein pushing the switch toggles the receiver between being enabled and disabled.

Claim 4 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 3 wherein the circuitry includes volatile memory.

Claim 5 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 1 wherein the circuitry includes a transmitter and is configured to provide the signal by radio frequency.

Claim 6 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 1 wherein the circuitry includes a modulator and is configured to provide the signal other than by magnetic coupling.

Claim 7 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 1 wherein the device includes a coil configured to receive power from an interrogator by magnetic coupling.

Claim 8 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 7 wherein the circuitry is configured to provide the signal to the interrogator by magnetic coupling.

Claim 9 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 1 wherein the circuitry includes digital circuitry including a digital flag which is set when the switch is pressed and cleared when the switch is released, and wherein the circuitry polls the flag and does not provide the signal to identify the device except when the flag is set.

Claim 10 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 9 wherein the circuitry includes volatile memory.

Claim 11 (original): A device comprising:

a housing;

an integrated circuit in the housing including a receiver having an enable input, the receiver being selectively enabled in response to application of a signal of a predetermined voltage value on the enable input, the receiver being configured to receive an interrogation signal when enabled; and

a switch supported by the housing and configured to cause the receiver to be enabled in response to being pushed while the receiver is disabled and to cause the receiver to be disabled in response to being pushed while the receiver is enabled, the switch including a first conductor formed of printed thick film and having a first end coupled to the predetermined voltage value and having a second end, a second conductor formed of printed thick film and having a first end coupled to the enable input and having a second end spaced apart from the second end of the first conductor, an insulating ring having a periphery circumscribing the second end of the first conductor and the second end of the second conductor, a diaphragm having a periphery corresponding to the periphery of the insulating ring, and having a conductive face facing the second end of the first conductor and the second end of the second conductor, the conductive face of the diaphragm being spaced apart from the first and second conductors by the insulating ring.

Claim 12 (original): A device in accordance with claim 11 wherein the housing further includes an encapsulant over the diaphragm.

Claim 13 (original): A device in accordance with claim 11 wherein the housing further includes a polyester film substrate, wherein the printed thick film is formed over the substrate, and wherein the housing is configured to effect connection of the second ends of the first and second conductors when pressure is applied to the substrate at location facing the diaphragm.

Claim 14 (original): A device in accordance with claim 11 and further including a battery configured to supply power to the integrated circuit and to define the predetermined voltage value, and wherein the integrated circuit and the battery are located between the polyester substrate and the encapsulant.

Claim 15 (currently amended): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 11 wherein the ~~transmitter is~~ integrated circuit includes a backscatter transmitter.

Claim 16 (original): A method of manufacturing a wireless identification device, the method comprising:

supporting circuitry on a film substrate configured to provide a signal to identify the device in response to an interrogation signal:

supporting a latch on the substrate, and coupling the latch to the circuitry, the latch toggling the circuitry between being enabled and disabled in operation;

forming a push-on and push-off switch on the substrate and coupling the switch to the latch;

flowing an encapsulate over the circuitry, latch, and switch to define a housing including the encapsulant and the substrate.

Claim 17 (original): A method of manufacturing a wireless identification device in accordance with claim 16 wherein forming the switch comprises printing thick film on the substrate to define a first conductor having a first end coupled to the latch and having a second end, and a second conductor having a first end coupled to the circuitry and having a second end spaced apart from the second end of the first conductor, placing an insulating ring such that its periphery circumscribes the second end of the first conductor and the second end of the second conductor, and placing a diaphragm over the insulating ring, the diaphragm having a periphery corresponding to the periphery of the insulating ring and having a conductive face facing the second end of the first conductor and the second end of the second conductor.

Claim 18 (original): A method of manufacturing a wireless identification device in accordance with claim 16, wherein supporting circuitry on the substrate comprises supporting circuitry on the substrate that is configured to provide a backscatter signal to identify the device.

Claim 19 (original): A radio frequency identification device comprising:  
a housing;  
an integrated circuit in the housing including a receiver having an enable input, the receiver being selectively enabled in response to application of a

signal of a predetermined voltage value on the enable input, the receiver being configured to receive an interrogation signal when enabled, the integrated circuit further including a modulated backscatter transmitter configured to provide a signal to identify the device in response to an interrogation signal; and

a switch supported by the housing and configured to cause the receiver to be enabled in response to being pushed while the receiver is disabled and to cause the receiver to be disabled in response to being pushed while the receiver is enabled, the switch including a first conductor formed of printed thick film and having a first end coupled to the predetermined voltage value and having a second end, a second conductor formed of printed thick film and having a first end coupled to the enable input and having a second end spaced apart from the second end of the first conductor, an insulating ring having a periphery circumscribing the second end of the first conductor and the second end of the second conductor, a diaphragm having a periphery corresponding to the periphery of the insulating ring, and having a conductive face facing the second end of the first conductor and the second end of the second conductor, the conductive face of the diaphragm being spaced apart from the first and second conductors by the insulating ring.

Claim 20 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 19 wherein the housing further includes an encapsulant over the diaphragm.

Claim 21 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 19 wherein the housing includes a film substrate, wherein the printed thick film is formed over the substrate, and wherein the housing is configured to effect connection of the second ends of the first and second conductors when pressure is applied to the substrate at location facing the diaphragm.

Claim 22 (original): A radio frequency identification device in accordance with claim 20, further including a battery configured to supply power to the integrated circuit and to define the predetermined voltage value, and wherein the integrated circuit and the battery are located between the polyester substrate and the encapsulant.